- 1. (Four times Amended) A purified polypeptide that retains at least glutathione conjugating activity comprising an amino acid sequence selected from the group consisting of:
 - a) an amino acid sequence of SEQ ID NO:1 having at least glutathione conjugating activity, and
 - b) a naturally-occurring amino acid sequence having at least 90% amino acid sequence identity to the sequence of SEQ ID NO:1, and has at least glutathione conjugating activity.
- 2. (Once Amended) A purified polypeptide of claim 1 having a sequence of SEQ ID NO:1.
- 14. (Once Amended) A composition comprising the polypeptide of claim 1 in conjunction with a suitable carrier.
- 50 15. A purified antibody which specifically binds to the GSTS of claim 1.
- 16. A purified agonist of the GSTS of claim 1.
 - 17. A purified antagonist of the GSTS of claim 1.
- 18. A method for treating or preventing an immune response, the method comprising administering to a subject in need of such treatment an effective amount of the antagonist of claim 15.
- 19. A method for treating or preventing a cancer, the method comprising administering to a subject in need of such treatment an effective amount of the antagonist of claim 15.

- 22. A method of producing an antibody using the protein of claim 1, comprising;
 - a) immunizing an animal with the protein or an antigenically-effective fragment thereof, under conditions whereby an antibody response is elicited; and
 - b) isolating from the immunized animal antibodies that specifically bind to the protein.
- 23. (Once Amended) A method for using a polypeptide to screen a plurality of molecules or compounds to identify a molecule or compound that specifically binds the polypeptide, the method comprising:
 - (a) combining the polypeptide of claim 1 with the compound or molecule under conditions to allow complex formation; and
 - (b) detecting complex formation, wherein the presence of the complex identifies a molecule or compound that specifically binds the polypeptide.
- 24. The method of claim 23 wherein the molecules and compounds are selected from DNA molecules, RNA molecules, peptide nucleic acids, agonists, antagonists, antibodies, immunoglobulins, pharmaceutical agents, and drug compounds.
- 25. (Once Amended) A method of using a polypeptide to purify a molecule or compound which specifically binds the polypeptide from a sample, the method comprising:
 - a) combining the polypeptide of claim 1 with a sample under conditions to allow specific binding;
 - b) recovering the bound polypeptide; and
 - d) separating the polypeptide from the molecule or compound, thereby obtaining purified molecule or compound.

- 26. A method of making a monoclonal antibody, the method comprising:
- a) immunizing an animal with a polypeptide of claim 1 under conditions to elicit an antibody response;
 - b) isolating antibody producing cells from the animal;
- c) fusing the antibody producing cells with immortalized cells in culture to form monoclonal antibody-producing hybridoma cells;
 - d) culturing the hybridoma cells; and
- e) isolating from the culture monoclonal antibodies which bind specifically to the polypeptide of SEQ ID NO:1.
- 27. A method for screening a molecule or compound for effectiveness as an agonist of a polypeptide of claim 1, the method comprising:
- a) exposing a sample comprising a polypeptide of claim 1 to a molecule or compound,

and

b) detecting agonist activity in the sample.

- 28. A method for screening a compound for effectiveness as an antagonist of a polypeptide of claim 1, the method comprising:
 - a) exposing a sample comprising a polypeptide of claim 1 to a compound, and
 - b) detecting antagonist activity in the sample.